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ABSTRACT

This monograph presents the computer printout of an analysis of data on international conflict over a three-year period. Part of a large scale research project to test various theories with regard to their power in analyzing international relations, this monograph presents data on the application of discriminant function analysis of 'underdog' behavior among nations (UU actors) in light of relative status field theory. Field theory maintains that international relations consists of all the attributes and interactions of nations, can be analytically divided into attributes and behavior, and exhibits dyad formations (interactions between two nations) in matters of behavior. Relative status field theory presents a break with the status field theory approach in that it argues that status relationships ought to be treated in relative terms. Scores on variables including domestic violence, population density, economic development, political stability, and power base were compared for each nation to determine relative status. Field theory was applied to a single index for the three-year period in question--the WEIS conflict data (World Event Interaction Survey), which was created using the "New York Times" as a data source. The method involved assigning a negative or positive parameter weight on each predictive factor (such as economic development) which indicates the kind of behavior engaged in by that nation relative to other states. Nations were then assigned a status--'underdog' (UU) in this analysis. Approximately 30 nations were assigned a UU actors status. Findings are based on a significance level of .05 or less. Policy implications of each finding are discussed. (DB)

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ATTRIBUTES AND NATIONAL BEHAVIOR, PART 2: MODERN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS MONOGRAPH SERIES.
PATTERNS OF CONFLICT: RELATIVE STATUS-FIELD THEORY, UU ACTORS

ED194391

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TAPE SPECS ARE: 9 TRACK, 800 BPI, EBCDIC, 132 CHARACTER RECORDS, 2400 FEET.

NOTE! SINCE THE CODEBOOK WAS PUBLISHED, MONOGRAPHS 1-6, 10, 27 AND 39 HAVE BEEN FURTHER EDITED, REDUNDANCY REMOVED AND GATHERED TOGETHER UNDER THE TITLE OF: PROJECT THEORY: INTERPRETATIONS AND POLICY RELEVANCE. THIS COLECTION MAY BE FOUND IN FILE 8. SINCE IT IS UPDATED, IT IS RECOMENDED THAT THIS FILE BE USED INSTEAD-OF THE ORIGINAL MATERIALS IN THE APPROPRIATE CASES. IN THE CASE OF THE OTHER FILES, THEY RETAIN THE ORIGINAL BUILT-IN REDUNDANCY.

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Attributes and National Behavior:

Modern International Relations Monograph Series

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PATTERNS OF CONFLICT: RELATIVE STATUS-FIELD THEORY, DD ACTORS

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THE ANALYSIS THAT FOLLOWS IS A COMPONENT OF A LARGER RESEARCH EFFORT THE PURPOSE OF WHICH IS TO TEST ATTRIBUTE THEORY (RUMMEL, 1969A), SOCIAL FIELD THEORY (RUMMEL, 1969A), DISTANCE THEORY (VINCENT, 1975), AND RELATIVE STATUS-FIELD THEORY, TREATING RELATIVE T = TOPDOG AND U = UNDERDOG BEHAVIOR IN THE INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM (VINCENT, 1976). ALL THEORIES ARE TESTED ON THE SAME, 1966-69, WEIS (AGGREGATED) DATA.

FULL TECHNICAL TREATMENT OF THE THEORIES AND METHODS IS GIVEN ELSEWHERE AND WILL NOT BE REPEATED HERE. THAT IS, DETAILS, SUCH AS THE CONSTRUCTION OF A-SPACE (ATTRIBUTE SPACE) OR D-SPACE (DISTANCE SPACE), ETC. CAN BE OBTAINED FROM THE RELEVANT BIBLIGRAPHIC ENTRIES. ELABORATE TECHNICAL DISCUSIONS. HOWEVER, ARE NOT REALLY NECESSARY TO UNDERSTAND OR USE THE RESULTS GENERATED HERE. IT

SHOULD BE CLEAR, HOWEVER, THAT ALL OF THE INDEPENDENT VARIABLES TREATED, SUCH AS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, ARE >FACTORS>, THAT IS, COMPOSITE INDEXES GENERATED OUT OF A NUMBER OF RELATED VARIABLES, USING THE TECHNIQUE OF FACTOR ANALYSIS.

WHEN THE THEORIES ARE APPLIED, EACH NATION RECIEVES A NEGATIVE OR POSITIVE PARAMETER WEIGHT ON EACH PREDICTIVE FACTOR, SUCH AS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, WHICH INDICATES THE KIND OF BEHAVIORAL EXPORTATION ENGAGED IN BY THAT STATE RELATIVE TO OTHER STATES.

THE ANALYSIS PRESENTED HERE INDICATES THE RESULTS THAT OCCUR WHEN + TYPE NATION EXPORTERS ARE COMPARED TO - TYPE NATION EXPORTERS IN TERMS OF SIMILARITY OF MODEL AND ATTRIBUTE TYPE. THIS WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY TWO MODES OF ANALYSIS.

THE FIRST MODE WILL BE TO PERFORM A FACTOR ANALYSIS ON THE WEIGHTS OF THE NATIONS ACROSS THE PREDICTOR DIMENSIONS. THE SECOND WILL BE TO CORRELATE THE FACTOR SCORES OF A-SPACE WITH THE FACTOR SCORES GENERATED FROM THE ANALYSIS OF THE WEIGHTS.

THESE MODES OF ANALYSIS WILL SHOW HOW CONFLICT EXPORT PATTERNS CLUSTER, HOW NATIONS ARE, IN FACT, LOCATED ON SUCH CLUSTERS AND REVEAL CHARACTERISTICS OF + VS. - WEIGHT NATIONS.

THE RESULTS FOLLOW:

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RELATIVE STATUS FIELD THEORY, DD CONFLICT

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 1

12 LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE, BELOW
.87
22 NEW CURRENCY, BELOW
.79
04 NON-COMPETITIVE POLITICAL SYSTEM, BELOW
.70

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 1

67 MAURITANIA
1.18
23 CONGO (LEO)
1.13
93 SUDAN
1.11
69 MONGOLIA
1.06
42 GUINEA
1.03
17 CEYLON
1.02
12 BURUNDI
.98
31 ECUADOR
.95
60 LAOS
.95
41 GUATEMALA
.87
32 EL SALVADOR
.87
74 NICARAGUA
.75

13 CAMBODIA
.74
43 HAITI
.73
71 NEPAL
.56
8 BOLIVIA
.55
96 SYRIA
.41
89 SIERRA LEONE
.39
115 GAMBIA
.38
111 SOUTH VIETNAM
.37
110 NORTH VIETNAM
.34
120 TANZANIA
.13
112 YEMEN
.12
80 PARAGUAY
.10
121 ZAMBIA
.02

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
NO SIGNIFICANT FACTORS

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 1

12 LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE, ABOVE
.87
22 NEW CURRENCY, ABOVE
.79
04 NON-COMPETITIVE POLITICAL SYSTEM, ABOVE
.70

THESE I'S ARE:

100 TUNISIA
-.04

```
   44  HONDURAS
-.14
   87  SAUDI ARABIA
-.24
   55  JAMAICA
-.25
  102  UGANDA
-.29
   30  DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
-.43
   33  ETHIOPIA
-.77
  122  KENYA
-1.16
   39  GHANA
-1.21
   90  SOMALIA
-1.36
    2  ALBANIA
-1.41
   57  JORDAN
-1.49
   18  CHAD
-1.55
   54  IVORY COAST
-1.56
   22  CONGO (BRA)
-2.28
  118  MALAWI
-2.59


 THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
 NO SIGNIFICANT FACTORS


 I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH
 CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

  VARIABLE NUMBER       2


  11 FEW MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA, BELOW
.53
  06 SMALL POPULATION DENSITY, ABOVE
-.71
  16 HIGH ENERGY PRODUCTION, ABOVE
-.73
  02 POWER BASE, FAR ABOVE
```

-.78
03 POLITICAL INSTABILITY, ABOVE
-.93

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 2

87 SAUDI ARABIA
1.59
30 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
1.46
100 TUNISIA
1.17
2 ALBANIA
.98
112 YEMEN
.93
122 KENYA
.80
54 IVORY COAST
.72
74 NICARAGUA
.68
32 EL SALVADOR
.65
120 TANZANIA
.56
69 MONGOLIA
.55
121 ZAMBIA
.46
41 GUATEMALA
.45
110 NORTH VIETNAM
.35
39 GHANA
.34
55 JAMAICA
.34
96 SYRIA
.33
71 NEPAL
.32
12 BURUNDI
.26
67 MAURITANIA

.19
31 ECUADOR
.18
60 LAOS
.15
17 CEYLON
.14
42 GUINEA
.12
13 CAMBODIA
.02
43 HAITI
.02
89 SIERRA LEONE
.02

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
SMALL CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 2

11 FEW MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA, ABOVE
.53
06 SMALL POPULATION DENSITY, BELOW
-.71
16 HIGH ENERGY PRODUCTION, BELOW
-.73
02 POWER BASE, CLOSE ABOVE
-.78
03 POLITICAL INSTABILITY, BELOW
-.93

THESE I'S ARE:

18 CHAD
-.02
115 GAMBIA
-.04
102 UGANDA
-.05
111 SOUTH VIETNAM
-.09
118 MALAWI

-.09
93 SUDAN
-.21
90 SOMALIA
-.25
33 ETHIOPIA
-.59
22 CONGO (BRA)
-.67
57 JORDAN
-1.97
8 BOLIVIA
-2.01
44 HONDURAS
-2.20
23 CONGO (LEO)
-2.63
80 PARAGUAY
-2.95

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
LARGE CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 3

10 LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE AT FIXED PRICES, BELOW
.84
17 MANY ELECTIONS, BELOW
.64
14 HIGH PER CAPITA SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, ABOVE
-.50

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 3

90 SOMALIA
1.88
22 CONGO (BRA)
1.87

```
   80  PARAGUAY
1.77
   71  NEPAL
1.29
   12  BURUNDI
1.11
   96  SYRIA
.90
   31  ECUADOR
.83
   32  EL SALVADOR
.77
   30  DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
.76
   74  NICARAGUA
.72
  111  SOUTH VIETNAM
.69
   33  ETHIOPIA
.68
  110  NORTH VIETNAM
.53
   69  MONGOLIA
.50
   93  SUDAN
.45
   41  GUATEMALA
.45
   13  CAMBODIA
.43
   42  GUINEA
.40
  100  TUNISIA
.29
  120  TANZANIA
.16
    2  ALBANIA
.13
    8  BOLIVIA
.05
  122  KENYA
.02

 THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
 LONG NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE
 FEW EXECUTIVE ADJUSTMENTS


 I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH
 CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:
```

VARIABLE NUMBER 3

10 LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE AT FIXED PRICES, ABOVE
.84
17 MANY ELECTIONS, ABOVE
.64
14 HIGH PER CAPITA SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BELOW
-.50

THESE I'S ARE:

67 MAURITANIA
-.00
112 YEMEN
-.13
87 SAUDI ARABIA
-.22
54 IVORY COAST
-.23
39 GHANA
-.35
44 HONDURAS
-.44
57 JORDAN
-.59
18 CHAD
-.65
102 UGANDA
-.67
17 CEYLON
-.98
23 CONGO (LEO)
-1.18
43 HAITI
-1.29
118 MALAWI
-1.47
121 ZAMBIA
-1.52
55 JAMAICA
-1.59
60 LAOS
-1.63
115 GAMBIA
-1.75
89 SIERRA LEONE
-1.99

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
RECENT NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE
MANY EXECUTIVE ADJUSTMENTS

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 4

09 LITTLE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, BELOW
.87

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 4

18 CHAD
2.53
57 JORDAN
2.33
8 BOLIVIA
1.38
102 UGANDA
1.13
96 SYRIA
1.11
13 CAMBODIA
.97
41 GUATEMALA
.64
42 GUINEA
.58
111 SOUTH VIETNAM
.53
112 YEMEN
.47
100 TUNISIA
.36
90 SOMALIA
.32
33 ETHIOPIA
.28
17 CEYLON

.24
39 GHANA
.20
110 NORTH VIETNAM
.19
12 BURUNDI
.14
71 NEPAL
.11
43 HAITI
.07
121 ZAMBIA
.02

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
NO SIGNIFICANT FACTORS

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 4

09 LITTLE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, ABOVE
.87

THESE I'S ARE:

74 NICARAGUA
-.02
32 EL SALVADOR
-.03
122 KENYA
-.06
51 ECUADOR
-.08
67 MAURITANIA
-.08
118 MALAWI
-.09
93 SUDAN
-.14
89 SIERRA LEONE
-.15
87 SAUDI ARABIA
-.21
2 ALBANIA

```
-.29
   55  JAMAICA
-.35
   69  MONGOLIA
-.42
   23  CONGO (LEO)
-.43
  115  GAMBIA
-.48
  120  TANZANIA
-.52
   30  DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
-.61
   80  PARAGUAY
-1.26
   44  HONDURAS
-1.51
   54  IVORY COAST
-1.68
   22  CONGO (BRA)
-2.32
   60  LAOS
-2.92


 THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
 NO SIGNIFICANT FACTORS


 I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH
 CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

  VARIABLE NUMBER       5


  11 FEW MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA, BELOW
.58
  08 RECENT NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE, ABOVE
-.85



 THESE I'S ARE:

  VARIABLE NUMBER       5


   60  LAOS
2.59
```

8 BOLIVIA
2.56
39 GHANA
1.78
57 JORDAN
1.38
22 CONGO (BRA)
1.01
23 CONGO (LEO)
.77
96 SYRIA
.67
41 GUATEMALA
.59
13 CAMBODIA
.52
118 MALAWI
.45
122 KENYA
.41
71 NEPAL
.36
90 SOMALIA
.33
93 SUDAN
.32
2 ALBANIA
.30
42 GUINEA
.27
111 SOUTH VIETNAM
.22
31 ECUADOR
.22
12 BURUNDI
.07
115 GAMBIA
.06
67 MAURITANIA
.05

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
NON-COMPETITIVE POLITICAL SYSTEM
MUCH DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
MANY MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA
LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE AT FIXED PRICES

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH
CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISITICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 5

11 FEW MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA, ABOVE
.58
08 RECENT NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE, BELOW
-.85

THESE I'S ARE:

100 TUNISIA
-.05
30 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
-.05
112 YEMEN
-.09
32 EL SALVADOR
-.28
74 NICARAGUA
-.28
43 HAITI
-.40
69 MONGOLIA
-.41
54 IVORY COAST
-.44
121 ZAMBIA
-.45
110 NORTH VIETNAM
-.55
120 TANZANIA
-.58
87 SAUDI ARABIA
-.63
33 ETHIOPIA
-.70
89 SIERRA LEONE
-.77
17 CEYLON
-.85
55 JAMAICA
-.87
18 CHAD
-1.51
102 UGANDA
-1.73
44 HONDURAS
-1.89

80 PARAGUAY
-2.39

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
COMPETITIVE POLITICAL SYSTEM
LITTLE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
FEW MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA
SMALL GNP GROWTH RATE AT FIXED PRICES

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 6

19 FEW EXECUTIVE ADJUSTMENTS, BELOW
.79
13 SMALL HEALTH EXPENDITURE AS PERCENT OF GNP, BELOW
.78
15 HIGH PER CAPITA INTERNAL SECURITY FORCE, BELOW
.68
18 HIGH RATIO OF BLACK MARKET TO OFFICIAL EXCHANGE, ABOVE
-.69

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 6

39 GHANA
2.26
8 BOLIVIA
1.84
80 PARAGUAY
1.65
102 UGANDA
1.21
22 CONGO (BRA)
1.19
54 IVORY COAST
.92
2 ALBANIA
.87
67 MAURITANIA
.63

30 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
.55
115 GAMBIA
.54
122 KENYA
.53
17 CEYLON
.52
43 HAITI
.50
42 GUINEA
.46
18 CHAD
.38
120 TANZANIA
.36
93 SUDAN
.15
51 ECUADOR
.09
112 YEMEN
.08
87 SAUDI ARABIA
.06
100 TUNISIA
.03

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
HIGH ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
HIGH PER CAPITA SCHOOL ENROLLMENT
HIGH CRUDE DEATH RATE

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 6

19 FEW EXECUTIVE ADJUSTMENTS, ABOVE
.79
13 SMALL HEALTH EXPENDITURE AS PERCENT OF GNP, ABOVE
.78
15 HIGH PER CAPITA INTERNAL SECURITY FORCE, ABOVE
.68
18 HIGH RATIO OF BLACK MARKET TO OFFICIAL EXCHANGE, BELOW
-.69

THESE I'S ARE:

```
   74  NICARAGUA
-.03
  111  SOUTH VIETNAM
-.07
   89  SIERRA LEONE
-.13
   13  CAMBODIA
-.13
   41  GUATEMALA
-.19
   96  SYRIA
-.25
   57  JORDAN
-.35
   32  EL SALVADOR
-.36
   12  BURUNDI
-.43
   69  MONGOLIA
-.45
   44  HONDURAS
-.46
   55  JAMAICA
-.48
  121  ZAMBIA
-.57
  110  NORTH VIETNAM
-.73
   71  NEPAL
-.78
   60  LAOS
-1.15
   23  CONGO (LEO)
-1.19
  118  MALAWI
-1.66
   33  ETHIOPIA
-2.45
   90  SOMALIA
-2.97
```

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
LOW ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
LOW PER CAPITA SCHOOL ENROLLMENT
LOW CRUDE DEATH RATE

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 7

05 SMALL POPULATION GROWTH RATE, BELOW
.84
01 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, CLOSE ABOVE
.72

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 7

44 HONDURAS
2.56
60 LAOS
2.19
18 CHAD
1.45
87 SAUDI ARABIA
1.28
55 JAMAICA
1.02
57 JORDAN
.96
32 EL SALVADOR
.73
2 ALBANIA
.72
80 PARAGUAY
.65
31 ECUADOR
.61
42 GUINEA
.52
96 SYRIA
.50
8 BOLIVIA
.43
100 TUNISIA
.38
13 CAMBODIA
.37
74 NICARAGUA

.27
30 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
.19
118 MALAWI
.17
112 YEMEN
.16
54 IVORY COAST
.13
69 MONGOLIA
.13
121 ZAMBIA
.07
41 GUATEMALA
.07
39 GHANA
.02

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
HIGH ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
LARGE POPULATION GROWTH RATE

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 7

05 SMALL POPULATION GROWTH RATE, ABOVE
.84
01 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, FAR ABOVE
.72

THESE I'S ARE:

110 NORTH VIETNAM
-.06
71 NEPAL
-.14
12 BURUNDI
-.15
111 SOUTH VIETNAM
-.20
67 MAURITANIA
-.24
120 TANZANIA
-.61

```
   93  SUDAN
-.65
   17  CEYLON
-.80
   90  SOMALIA
-.84
  102  UGANDA
-.86
  122  KENYA
-1.02
   23  CONGO (LEO)
-1.44
   33  ETHIOPIA
-1.45
   89  SIERRA LEONE
-1.61
  115  GAMBIA
-1.73
   22  CONGO (BRA)
-1.86
   43  HAITI
-1.92
```

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
LOW ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
SMALL POPULATION GROWTH RATE

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 8

21 LITTLE ETHNO-LINGUISTIC FRACTIONALIZATION, BELOW
.86

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 8

```
   23  CONGO (LEO)
3.35
   54  IVORY COAST
2.19
```

```
   57  JORDAN
2.12
   87  SAUDI ARABIA
1.73
   30  DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
1.00
    2  ALBANIA
.73
  110  NORTH VIETNAM
.55
   69  MONGOLIA
.45
   71  NEPAL
.45
   39  GHANA
.39
  102  UGANDA
.31
   80  PARAGUAY
.19
  100  TUNISIA
.14
   60  LAOS
.08
   33  ETHIOPIA
.04

 THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
 HIGH POWER BASE
 SMALL CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY


 I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH
 CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

  VARIABLE NUMBER      8


  21 LITTLE ETHNO-LINGUISTIC FRACTIONALIZATION, ABOVE
.86



 THESE I'S ARE:

  120  TANZANIA
-.00
  122  KENYA
-.06
   67  MAURITANIA
```

-.06
111 SOUTH VIETNAM
-.06
32 EL SALVADOR
-.07
42 GUINEA
-.08
17 CEYLON
-.08
96 SYRIA
-.12
13 CAMBODIA
-.13
18 CHAD
-.15
89 SIERRA LEONE
-.17
41 GUATEMALA
-.18
74 NICARAGUA
-.18
112 YEMEN
-.45
93 SUDAN
-.48
31 ECUADOR
-.50
43 HAITI
-.62
90 SOMALIA
-.62
12 BURUNDI
-.63
55 JAMAICA
-.81
115 GAMBIA
-.89
22 CONGO (BRA)
-1.04
121 ZAMBIA
-1.17
44 HONDURAS
-1.37
118 MALAWI
-1.83
8 BOLIVIA
-1.94

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:
LOW POWER BASE

LARGE CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY